

# GCAP® WELD AND STEPPER SCHEDULE

Phone: 866-RES-WELD (737-9353) Fax: 714-252-5335 www.seedorffwelders.com

## GCAP® ELECTRODE WELD SCHEDULE FOR GALVANIZED STEEL

Metal Thickness	.020	.030	.035	.040	.050	.060	.078	.093	.125
G-CAP	244	254	254	254	255	255	266	266	266
Pressure	300	400	500	650	750	800	1000	1200	1400
Squeeze cycle	25	25	25	25	30	30	30	35	35
Up-Slope cycle					4	4	4	4	5
Upslope Kiloamps					2.0 to S.C.*	2.0 to S.C.*	2.0 to S.C.*	2.0 to S.C.*	2.0 to S.C.*
Weld cycle	6	8	9	10	7	8	10	12	10
Kiloamps	8.5	9.0	9.5	10.0	10.5	11.0	11.5	12.5	13.5
Cool cycle					1	1	1	1	1
Weld cycle					7	8	10	12	10
Kiloamps					10.5	11.0	11.5	12.5	13.5
Cool cycle									1
Weld cycle									10
Kiloamps									13.5
Hold cycle	3	4	4	5	5	10	10	15	20

\* S.C. – Starting Weld Current

## GCAP® LINEAR STEPPER

<b>Total Weld Count</b>	500	1,000	3,000	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,000
<b>Total Amps Boost</b>	600	1000	3000	5000	6800	8400	9200
<b>Amps Boost Per Weld</b>	1.20	.88		.60			

The above schedules and stepper is only meant to be a guide and will require adjustments to fit the application.


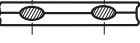

# APPLICATION DATA SHEET

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## SPOT WELDING DATA OPTIMUM CONDITIONS

### SCHEDULES FOR SPOT WELDING LOW CARBON STEEL—SAE 1010

Thickness of Thinnest Outside Piece (Inches)	Electrode Diameters and Shape*			Recommended Minimum Standard Electrode Size	Weld Force (Lbs.)	Weld Time (Cycles) (60 Cycles per Sec.)	Hold Time (Cycles) Min.	Welding Current (Amps.) (Approx.)	Weld Shear Strength (For Steels Having Ultimate Tensile Strength of 90,000 psi and below) Minimum Strength (Lbs/Weld)	Diameter of Fused Zone (Approx.) 	Minimum Weld Spacing 	Minimum Contacting Overlap 
	Flat Face		Radius Face									
	Maximum d (Inches)	Min. D (Inches)	Radius R (Inches)									
0.010	0.125	1/2	2	4RW 1MT	160	4	5	4,000	130	0.113	1/4	3/8
0.021	0.187	1/2	2	4RW 1MT	244	6	8	6,500	300	0.139	3/8	7/16
0.031	0.187	1/2	2	4RW 1MT	326	8	10	8,000	530	0.161	1/2	7/16
0.040	0.250	5/8	3	5RW 2MT	412	10	12	8,800	812	0.181	3/4	1/2
0.050	0.250	5/8	3	5RW 2MT	554	14	16	9,600	1,195	0.210	7/8	9/16
0.062	0.250	5/8	3	5RW 2MT	670	18	20	10,600	1,717	0.231	1	5/8
0.078	0.312	5/8	3	5RW 2MT	903	25	30	11,800	2,365	0.268	1-1/8	11/16
0.094	0.312	5/8	4	7RW 3MT	1,160	34	35	13,000	3,054	0.304	1-1/4	3/4
0.109	0.375	7/8	4	7RW 3MT	1,440	45	40	14,200	3,672	0.338	1-5/16	13/16
0.125	0.375	7/8	4	7RW 3MT	1,760	60	45	15,600	4,300	0.375	1-1/2	7/8
0.156	0.500	7/8	6	Male or Female Threaded	2,500	93	50	18,000	6,500	0.446	1-3/4	1
0.187	0.625	1	6	Male or Female Threaded	3,340	130	55	20,500	9,000	0.516	2	1-1/2
0.250	0.750	1-1/4	6	Male or Female Threaded	5,560	230	60	26,000	18,000	0.660	4	1-1/2

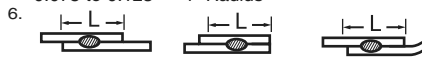
### PERMISSIBLE SCHEDULE VARIATIONS FOR SPOT WELDING LOW CARBON STEEL Low Carbon Steel Spot Welding Data Chart—Single Impulse Welding

DATA COMMON TO ALL CLASSES OF SPOT WELDS				WELDING SET-UP FOR BEST QUALITY—CLASS A WELDS					WELDING SET-UP FOR MEDIUM QUALITY—CLASS B WELDS					WELDING SET-UP FOR GOOD QUALITY—CLASS C WELDS					
Thickness of Each of the Two Work Pieces (Inches)	Electrode Diam. & Shape		Min. Weld Spacing (Note 4) (Inches)	Min. Contacting Overlap (Note 6) (Inches)	Weld Time (Cycles) (Note 7)	Electrode Force (Pounds)	Welding Current (Amps.)	Diam. of Fused Zone (Inches)	Average Tensile Shear Strength ±14% (Pounds)	Weld Time (Cycles) (Note 7)	Electrode Force (Pounds)	Welding Current (Amps.)	Diam. of Fused Zone (Inches)	Average Tensile Shear Strength ±17% (Pounds)	Weld Time (Cycles) (Note 7)	Electrode Force (Pounds)	Welding Current (Amps.)	Diam. of Fused Zone (Inches)	Average Tensile Shear Strength ±20% (Pounds)
	Min. D (Inches)	Max. d (Inches)																	
.010	1/2	1/8	1/4	3/8	4	200	4000	.13	235	5	130	3700	.12	200	15	65	3000	.11	160
.021	1/2	3/16	3/8	7/16	6	300	6100	.17	530	10	200	5100	.16	460	22	100	3800	.14	390
.031	1/2	3/16	1/2	7/16	8	400	8000	.21	980	15	275	6300	.20	850	29	135	4700	.18	790
.040	5/8	1/4	3/4	1/2	10	500	9200	.23	1305	21	360	7500	.22	1230	38	180	5600	.21	1180
.050	5/8	1/4	7/8	9/16	12	650	10300	.25	1820	24	410	8000	.23	1700	42	205	6100	.22	1600
.062	5/8	1/4	1	5/8	14	800	11600	.27	2350	29	500	9000	.26	2150	48	250	6800	.25	2050
.078	5/8	5/16	1-1/8	11/16	21	1100	13300	.31	3225	36	650	10400	.30	3025	58	325	7900	.28	2900
.094	5/8	5/16	1-1/4	3/4	25	1300	14700	.34	4100	44	790	11400	.33	3900	66	390	8800	.31	3750
.109	7/8	3/8	1-5/16	13/16	29	1600	16100	.37	5300	50	960	12200	.36	5050	72	480	9500	.35	4850
.125	7/8	3/8	1-1/2	7/8	30	1800	17500	.40	6900	60	1140	12900	.39	6500	78	570	10000	.37	6150

#### NOTES:

- Low Carbon Steel as hot rolled, pickled, and slightly oiled with an ultimate strength of 42,000 to 45,000 PSI Similar to SAE 1005—SAE 1010.
- Electrode Material is CMW® 3.
- Surface of steel is lightly oiled but free from grease, scale or dirt.
- Minimum weld spacing is that distance for which no increase in welding current is necessary to compensate for the shunted current effect in adjacent welds.

- Radius Face electrodes may be used:  
0.010 to 0.031 — 2" Radius  
0.031 to 0.078 — 3" Radius  
0.078 to 0.125 — 4" Radius



- Weld time is indicated in cycles of 60 cycle frequency.

- Tensile shear strength values are based on recommended test sample sizes:

Direction of Force	Thickness	Width	Length
	.000" to .029"	5/8"	3"
	.030" to .058"	1"	4"
	.059" to .115"	1-1/2"	5"
	.116" to .190"	2"	6"

- Tolerance for machining of electrode diameter "d" is ±.015" of specified dimension.
- Electrode force does not provide for force to press ill-fitting parts together.

# APPLICATION DATA SHEET

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## PROJECTION WELDING DATA DESIGN AND WELDING DATA FOR PROJECTION WELDING LOW CARBON STEELS

Thickness of Thinnest Outside Piece Inches	PROJECTION DESIGN		ELECTRODE DIAMETERS (d=2 x Projection Diameter)		Electrode Force Pounds	Weld Time (Cycles) 60 Cycles per Sec.	Hold Time (Cycles) Minimum	Welding Current Amperes (Approx.)	Diameter of Fused Zone  Dw Inches	Minimum Shear Strength (Single Projection) (Only) (For Steels Having Strength of 100,000 psi and below) Pounds	Minimum Contacting Overlap  L Inches
	Base Diameter of Projection Dp Inches	Height of Projection H Inches	Minimum d Inches	Minimum D Inches							
0.010	0.055	0.015	0.125	1/2	50	3	3	2,800	0.112	150	1/8
0.012	0.055	0.015	0.125	1/2	80	3	3	3,100	0.112	200	1/8
0.014	0.055	0.015	0.125	1/2	100	3	3	3,400	0.112	250	1/8
0.016	0.067	0.017	0.187	1/2	115	4	4	3,600	0.112	285	5/32
0.021	0.067	0.017	0.187	1/2	150	6	6	4,000	0.140	380	5/32
0.025	0.081	0.020	0.187	1/2	200	6	8	4,500	0.140	525	3/16
0.031	0.094	0.022	0.187	1/2	300	8	8	5,100	0.169	740	7/32
0.034	0.094	0.022	0.187	1/2	350	10	10	5,400	0.169	900	7/32
0.044	0.119	0.028	0.250	5/8	480	13	14	6,500	0.169	1,080	9/32
0.050	0.119	0.028	0.250	5/8	580	16	16	7,100	0.225	1,500	9/32
0.062	0.156	0.035	0.312	7/8	750	21	20	8,400	0.225	2,100	3/8
0.070	0.156	0.035	0.312	7/8	900	24	24	9,200	0.281	2,550	3/8
0.078	0.187	0.041	0.375	7/8	1,050	26	30	10,500	0.281	2,950	7/16
0.094	0.218	0.048	0.500	7/8	1,300	32	30	11,800	0.281	3,700	1/2
0.109	0.250	0.054	0.500	7/8	1,650	38	36	13,300	0.338	4,500	5/8
0.125	0.281	0.060	0.500	7/8	1,800	45	40	15,000	0.338	5,200	11/16
0.140	0.312	0.066	0.625	1	2,300	60	45	15,700	0.437	6,000	3/4
0.156	0.343	0.072	0.625	1	2,800	80	50	17,250	0.500	7,500	13/16
0.171	0.375	0.078	0.750	1	3,300	105	50	18,600	0.562	8,500	7/8
0.187	0.406	0.085	0.750	1	3,800	125	50	20,000	0.562	10,000	15/16
0.203	0.437	0.091	0.875	1-1/4	4,500	145	55	21,500	0.625	12,000	1
0.250	0.531	0.110	1.000	1-1/4	6,600	230	60	26,000	0.687	15,000	1-1/4

### NOTES:

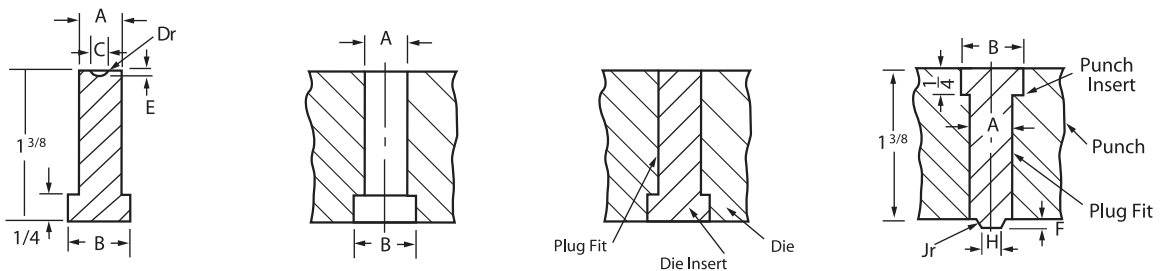
- Type of Steel—Low Carbon SAE 1010—0.15% Carbon Maximum.
- Material free of scale, oxide, paint, dirt, etc.
- Size of projection determined by thickness of thinnest piece and projection should be on thickest piece.
- Data is based on thickness of thinnest sheet for two thicknesses only. Maximum ratio between two thicknesses = 3 to 1.
- See TABLE BELOW for design of punch and die for making projections.
- Contacting overlap does not include any radii from forming.
- Projection should be located in center of overlap.
- Tolerance for Projection Dimensions:

Dimension	Thickness Up to 0.050"	Thickness Over 0.050"
Diameter "D"	±0.003"	±0.007"
Height "H"	±0.002"	±0.005"

9. Electrode Material:  
CMW®100 ELKONITE®TC-10 ELKONITE®10W3

From American Welding Society "Recommended Practices for Resistance Welding"

### PUNCH AND DIE DESIGN FOR FORMING WELDING PROJECTIONS



Mat Thickness	Pt. No.	A	B	±.002 C	Dr	±.001 E	±.001 F	±.001 H	Jr
0.010-0.015	1	3/8	9/16	.055	.033	.015	.015	.035	.005
0.016-0.021	2	3/8	9/16	.067	.042	.017	.020	.039	.005
.025	3	3/8	9/16	.081	.050	.020	.025	.044	.005
.031	4	3/8	9/16	.094	.062	.022	.030	.050	.005
.034	5	3/8	9/16	.094	.062	.022	.030	.050	.005
.044	6	3/8	9/16	.119	.078	.028	.035	.062	.005
.050	7	3/8	9/16	.119	.078	.028	.035	.062	.005
.062	8	3/8	9/16	.156	.105	.035	.043	.081	.005
.070	9	3/8	9/16	.156	.105	.035	.043	.081	.005
.078	10	3/8	9/16	.187	.128	.041	.055	.104	.010

Mat Thickness	Pt. No.	A	B	±.002 C	Dr	±.001 E	±.001 F	±.001 H	Jr
.094	11	1/2	11/16	.218	.148	.048	.065	.115	.010
.109	12	1/2	11/16	.250	.172	.054	.075	.137	1/64
.125	13	1/2	11/16	.281	.193	.060	.085	.154	1/64
.140	14	1/2	11/16	.312	.217	.066	.096	.172	1/64
.156	15	5/8	13/16	.343	.243	.072	.107	.191	1/64
.171	16	5/8	13/16	.375	.265	.078	.118	.210	1/64
.187	17	5/8	13/16	.406	.285	.085	.130	.229	1/64
.203	18	11/16	7/8	.437	.308	.091	.143	.240	.020
.250	19	13/16	1	.531	.375	.110	.175	.285	.025

Material: Tool Steel. Finish all over and harden to 65-68 Rockwell "C" scale. Note: All working surfaces of die unit must be polished.

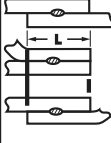

From American Welding Society "Recommended Practices for Resistance Welding"

# APPLICATION DATA SHEET

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## SCHEDULE FOR SPOT WELDING STAINLESS STEEL

THICKNESS "T" of THINNEST OUTSIDE PIECE (See Notes 1, 2, 3 and 4 Below)	ELECTRODE DIAMETER AND SHAPE (See Note 5)		ELECTRODE FORCE LB.	WELD TIME CYCLES (60 Per Sec.)	WELDING CURRENT (Approx.)		MINIMUM CONTACTING OVERLAP 	MINIMUM WELD SPACING (See Note 6 Below)	DIAMETER OF FUSED ZONE 	MINIMUM SHEAR STRENGTH LB.		
	AMPS				Ultimate Tensile Strength of Metal							
	Tensile Strength Below 150000 Psi	Tensile Strength 150000 Psi and Higher			70000 Up to 90000 Psi	90000 Up to 150000 Psi				150000 Psi and Higher		
	D, IN., Min.	d, IN., Max.			IN.	IN.				IN. Approx.		
0.006	3/16	3/32	180	2	2000	2000	3/16	3/16	0.045	60	70	85
0.008	3/16	3/32	200	3	2000	2000	3/16	3/16	0.065	150	170	210
0.012	1/4	1/8	260	3	2100	2000	1/4	1/4	0.076	185	210	250
0.014	1/4	1/8	300	4	2500	2200	1/4	1/4	0.082	240	250	320
0.016	1/4	1/8	330	4	3000	2500	1/4	5/16	0.088	280	300	380
0.018	1/4	1/8	380	4	3500	2800	1/4	5/16	0.093	320	360	470
0.021	1/4	5/32	400	4	4000	3200	5/16	5/16	0.100	370	470	500
0.025	3/8	5/32	520	5	5000	4100	3/8	7/16	0.120	500	600	680
0.031	3/8	3/16	650	5	6000	4800	3/8	1/2	0.130	680	800	930
0.034	3/8	3/16	750	6	7000	5500	7/16	9/16	0.150	800	920	1100
0.040	3/8	3/16	900	6	7800	6300	7/16	5/8	0.160	1000	1270	1400
0.044	3/8	3/16	1000	8	8700	7000	7/16	11/16	0.180	1200	1450	1700
0.050	1/2	1/4	1200	8	9500	7500	1/2	3/4	0.190	1450	1700	2000
0.056	1/2	1/4	1350	10	10300	8300	9/16	7/8	0.210	1700	2000	2450
0.062	1/2	1/4	1500	10	11000	9000	5/8	1	0.220	1950	2400	2900
0.070	5/8	1/4	1700	12	12300	10000	5/8	1-1/8	0.250	2400	2800	3550
0.078	5/8	5/16	1900	14	14000	11000	11/16	1-1/4	0.275	2700	3400	4000
0.094	5/8	5/16	2400	16	15700	12700	3/4	1-1/2	0.290	3550	4200	5300
0.109	3/4	3/8	2800	18	17700	14000	13/16	1-1/2	0.290	4200	5000	6400
0.125	3/4	3/8	3300	20	18000	15500	7/8	2	0.300	5000	6000	7600

**NOTES:**

- Types of Steel—301, 302, 303, 304, 308, 309, 310, 316, 317, 321, 347 & 349
- Material should be free from scale, oxides, paint, grease and oil.
- Welding conditions determined by thickness of thinnest outside piece "T."
- Data for total thickness of pile-up not exceeding 4 "T". Maximum ratio between two thicknesses 3 to 1.
- Electrode Material, CMW® 3, CMW® 100, or ELKONITE® 10W3
- Minimum weld spacing is that spacing for two pieces for which no special precautions need be taken to compensate for shunted current effect of adjacent welds. For three pieces increase spacing 30 per cent.

## SCHEDULE FOR SEAM WELDING STAINLESS STEEL

THICKNESS "T" OF THINNEST OUTSIDE PIECE (See Notes 1, 2, 3 and 4 Below)	ELECTRODE WIDTH AND SHAPE (See Note 5 Below)	ELECTRODE FORCE LB.	ON TIME CYCLES (60 Per Sec.)	OFF TIME FOR MAXIMUM SPEED (Pressure-Tight)		MAXIMUM WELD SPEED		WELDS PER INCH		WELDING CURRENT (Approx.) AMPS.	MINIMUM CONTACTING OVERLAP (See Note 6 Below)
				CYCLES		IN. PER MINUTE		PER INCH			
				2 "T"	4 "T"	2 "T"	4 "T"	2 "T"	4 "T"		
				W, IN., Min.							
0.006	3/16	300	2	1	1	60	67	20	18	4000	1/4
0.008	3/16	350	2	2	2	67	56	18	16	4600	1/4
0.010	3/16	400	3	2	2	45	51	16	14	5000	1/4
0.012	1/4	450	3	2	2	48	55	15	13	5600	5/16
0.014	1/4	500	3	2	3	51	46	14	13	6200	5/16
0.016	1/4	600	3	2	3	51	50	14	12	6700	5/16
0.018	1/4	650	3	2	3	55	50	13	12	7300	5/16
0.021	1/4	700	3	2	3	55	55	13	11	7900	3/8
0.025	3/8	850	3	3	4	50	47	12	11	9200	7/16
0.031	3/8	1000	3	3	4	50	47	12	11	10600	7/16
0.040	3/8	1300	3	4	5	47	45	11	10	13000	1/2
0.050	1/2	1600	4	4	5	45	44	10	9	14200	5/8
0.062	1/2	1850	4	5	7	40	41	10	8	15100	5/8
0.070	5/8	2150	4	5	7	44	41	9	8	15900	11/16
0.078	5/8	2300	4	6	7	40	41	9	8	16500	11/16
0.094	5/8	2550	5	6	7	36	38	9	8	16600	3/4
0.109	3/4	2950	5	7	9	38	37	8	7	16800	13/16
0.125	3/4	3300	6	6	8	38	37	8	7	17000	7/8

**NOTES:**

- Types of Steel—301, 302, 303, 304, 308, 309, 310, 316, 317, 321, 347 & 349.
- Material should be free from scale, oxides, paint, grease and oil.
- Welding conditions determined by thickness of thinnest outside piece "T."
- Data for total thickness of pile-up not exceeding 4 "T". Maximum ratio between two thicknesses 3 to 1.
- Electrode material, CMW® 100
- For large assemblies minimum contacting overlap indicated should be increased 30 per cent.

# APPLICATION DATA SHEET

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## Spot welding galvanized low-carbon steel

Material Thickness	Electrode Diameter And Shape			Net Electrode Force	Welding Current (Approx.)	Weld Time	Weld Nugget Size	Minimum Tension-Shear Strength	Minimum Weld Spacing	Minimum Contacting Overlap	
	Inches	In.	In. Deg.								
notes 1, 2, & 3	note 4										
		D	d	Oc							
		Inches	In.	In.	Deg.	Lb.	Amps.	Cycles	In.	Lb.	Inches
	0.022	5/8	3/16	120	300	13000	8	0.15	550	5/8	5/8
	0.030	5/8	3/16	120	400	13000	10	0.16	1000	5/8	5/8
	0.036	5/8	1/4	120	500	13500	12	0.19	1180	3/4	5/8
	0.039	5/8	1/4	120	650	14000	13	0.21	1400	3/4	5/8
	0.052	5/8	1/4	120	725	14500	18	0.22	1700	7/8	11/16
	0.063	3/4	1/4	120	850	15500	22	0.24	2500	1-1/8	3/4
	0.078	3/4	5/16	120	1200	19000	24	0.28	3200	1-1/4	7/8
0.093	3/4	3/8	120	1400	21000	30	0.34	4200	1-1/2	1	
0.108	7/8	3/8	120	1750	20000	37	0.40	5900	1-3/4	1-1/8	
0.123	7/8	3/8	120	2000	20000	42	0.48	7200	2	1-1/8	

### NOTES:

1. Material must be free from dirt, grease, paint etc. prior to welding, but may have light oil.
2. Two equal metal thicknesses of each gage.
3. Commercial coating weight is 1.25 oz. per square foot.
4. Electrode Material-RWMA Group A, Class 2. CMW® 3.
5. Water Cooling: 2 gallons per minute.

Projections should be larger in diameter for galvanized than for uncoated material.

## Projection welding galvanized low-carbon steel

Material Thickness	Electrode Diameter And Shape			Net Electrode Force	Welding Current (Approx.)	Weld Time	Weld Nugget Size	Minimum Tension-Shear Strength	Projection Size			
	Inches	In.	In.						Diameter In.	Height In.		
notes 1, 2, & 3	note 4							(For Single Projections Only)				
		D	d						L	Hp		
		Inches	In.	In.	Lb.	Amps.	Cycles		In.	Lb.	Diameter In.	Height In.
	0.039	5/8	3/8	250	10000	15	0.15		925	0.187	0.041	
	0.063	5/8	7/16	400	11500	20	0.25		2050	0.218	0.048	
	0.078	3/4	1/2	550	16000	25	0.25		2700	0.250	0.054	
0.093	3/4	1/2	750	16000	30	0.30	4300	0.250	0.054			
0.108	7/8	1/2	950	22000	33	0.31	4900	0.250	0.054			

### NOTES:

1. Material must be free from dirt, grease, paint etc. prior to welding, but may have light oil.
2. Two equal metal thicknesses of each gage.
3. Commercial coating weight is 1.25 oz. per square foot.
4. Electrode Material-RWMA Group A, Class 2. CMW® 3.
5. Pressure-tight joints require stripping the zinc coating prior to welding.
6. Nominal electrode diameter ranges between 8 to 10 inches.

From American Welding Society "Recommended Practices for Resistance Welding."

## Seam welding galvanized low-carbon steel

Material Thickness	Electrode Width And Shape			Net Electrode Force	Welding Current (Approx.)	Weld Time		Welding Speed	Welds Per Inch	Minimum Contacting Overlap	
	Inches	In.	In.			Heat Time	Cool Time				
notes 1, 2, & 3	note 4										
		W	E								
		Inches	In.	In.	Lb.	Amps.	Cycles	Cycles	In./Min.	W/In.	Inches
	0.015	3/8	1/4	900	15000	2	2	120	7.5	3/8	
	0.036	1/2	1/4	1100	18000	4	2	60	10.0	1/2	
	0.039	1/2	1/4	1200	19000	4	3	60	9.0	1/2	
	0.052	1/2	1/4	1350	20000	5	1	90	7.0	9/16	
0.063	1/2	5/16	1500	19800	8	2	54	7.0	5/8		
0.078	5/8	5/16	1850	23000	10	7	30	7.0	11/16		

# DATA SHEET

Phone: 866-RES-WELD (737-9353) Fax: 714-252-5335

www.seedorffwelders.com

## RECOMMENDED ELECTRODE MATERIALS

The process of resistance welding makes it possible to join most metals, similar or dissimilar. Bonds of adequate strength are obtainable for an extremely wide range of applications. Selecting electrodes of the proper alloy is a most important consideration in producing good welds at the required speed. The chart below is a valuable guide to this selection.

The weldability of two materials as expressed in the following chart has been derived after careful laboratory study and field survey of many factors which influence the welding or resulting weld of the metals. The factors include:

1. Thermal and electrical conductivity

2. Metallurgical properties
3. Nature of resultant weld or alloy
4. Weld strength
5. Relative accuracy in control of welding conditions necessary

The weldability of metals as shown in the chart applies only when conventional spot welding methods are used on similar thicknesses of material. However, many metal combinations which are listed as having a "poor weldability" may be satisfactorily joined by using a special setup or procedure.

There is a CMW® Alloy for each specific welding application. Experienced CMW engineers will provide assistance with special problems.

## Electrode Materials For SPOT WELDING Similar and Dissimilar Metals

	Tungsten Molybdenum	Magnesium	Nickel Alloys	Nickel	Stainless Steel	Chrome Steel	Cadmium Plate	Galvanized Steel Zn. Plate	Terne Plate	Tin Plate	Scaly Steel	C. R. Steel	Phosphor Bronze	Silicon Bronze	Nickel Silver	Cupro Nickel	Brass Yellow	Brass Red	Copper	Aluminum Alloys	Aluminum	C. P. Titanium	
Commercially Pure Titanium																							A II ①
Aluminum 2S-3S			C I E II	E II H I H II	E I D I D I D I							E II D II D II					D II E II H V C I C I						
Aluminum Alloys Duralumin 52S-17S-24S			C I E II	E II H I H II	E I D I D I D I							E II D II D II					D II E II E V D I						
Copper—Pure			H II H I E II	E II H I H II	H I H I H I H I							H II D II D II D II D II D II					D II E II K V						
Brass—Red 5-25% Zinc			H I D II D II	H II H II H I H I	H I H I H I H I							H II D II D II D II D II D II					D II E II						
Brass—Yellow 25-40% Zinc			E I D II D II	H II H II H I H I	E I E I E I E I							E II C II C II C II C II C II					D II E II						
Cupro-Nickel			D I C II C VI	E II E II E I E I E I H I	E I E I E I H I							E II C II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Nickel Silver			D I C II C VI	E II E II E I E I E I H I	E I E I E I H I							E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Silicon Bronze			D I C II D II	E II E II E I E I E I H I	D II C II B II							E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Phosphor Bronze Grades A, C, & D			E I D II D II	E II E II E I E I E I H I	D II B II							E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
C. R. Steel H. R. Steel—Clean			D II D II D II B II B II C II C I B I E I A II									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Scaly H. R. Steel			H II D II D II D II D II D II D II E I									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Tin Plate			E II E I D I D II C II C II D I C I D I									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Terne Plate			E II E I D I D II C II C II C I C I									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Galvanized Steel Zinc Plate			E II E I D II D II C II C II C I C I									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Cadmium Plate			E II E I D I D II C II C II C I									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Chrome Plate			D II D II D II B II B II									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Stainless Steel 18-8 Type			D II D II D III A III									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Nickel Grade A			D II C II B II									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Nickel Alloys Monel Nichrome (High Res.)			D II B II									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Magnesium Alloys			D I I 5									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						
Molybdenum Tungsten			D II I 5									E II C II C II B II					D II E II						

### BLOCK INTERPRETATION

WELD-ABILITY	ELECTRODE AGAINST
ELECTRODE AGAINST	SPECIAL INFORMATION

### WELDABILITY

As a basis for comparison cold rolled (mild) steel has been chosen and its weldability designated as "excellent."

- A—Excellent
- B—Very Good
- C—Good
- D—Fair
- E—Poor
- H—Very Poor
- K—Impractical

### ELECTRODES

- I—CMW 28
  - II—CMW 3
  - III—CMW 100
  - IV—ELKONITE® 10W3
  - V—ELKONITE® 100M\*
  - VI—ELKONITE® 1W3Δ or TC-5
- \*ELKONITE® 100 W may be substituted.  
 ΔELKONITE® 10W3 or TC-10 may be interchanged.  
 Electrode materials in circles are second choice.

### SPECIAL INFORMATION

1. Good weld strength.
2. May be welded under special conditions.
3. Low weld strength.
4. No actual weld nugget occurs, a "stick" is obtained.
5. Welding conditions must be accurately controlled.
6. Keep electrode clean to prevent sticking to the work.
7. Good practice recommends cleaning steel before welding.
8. Use one flat tip to minimize distortion or discoloration.
9. Coating may dissolve in other metals or burn away.

# RESISTANCE WELDING ELECTRODE MAINTENANCE

Phone: 866-RES-WELD (737-9353) Fax: 714-252-5335 www.seedorffwelders.com

This Chart shows graphically the importance of Electrode maintenance. This is not only important from the quality of the weld, which is of first importance, also extra load added to the welding machine and equipment. Read the data on the chart, you can then draw your own conclusions.

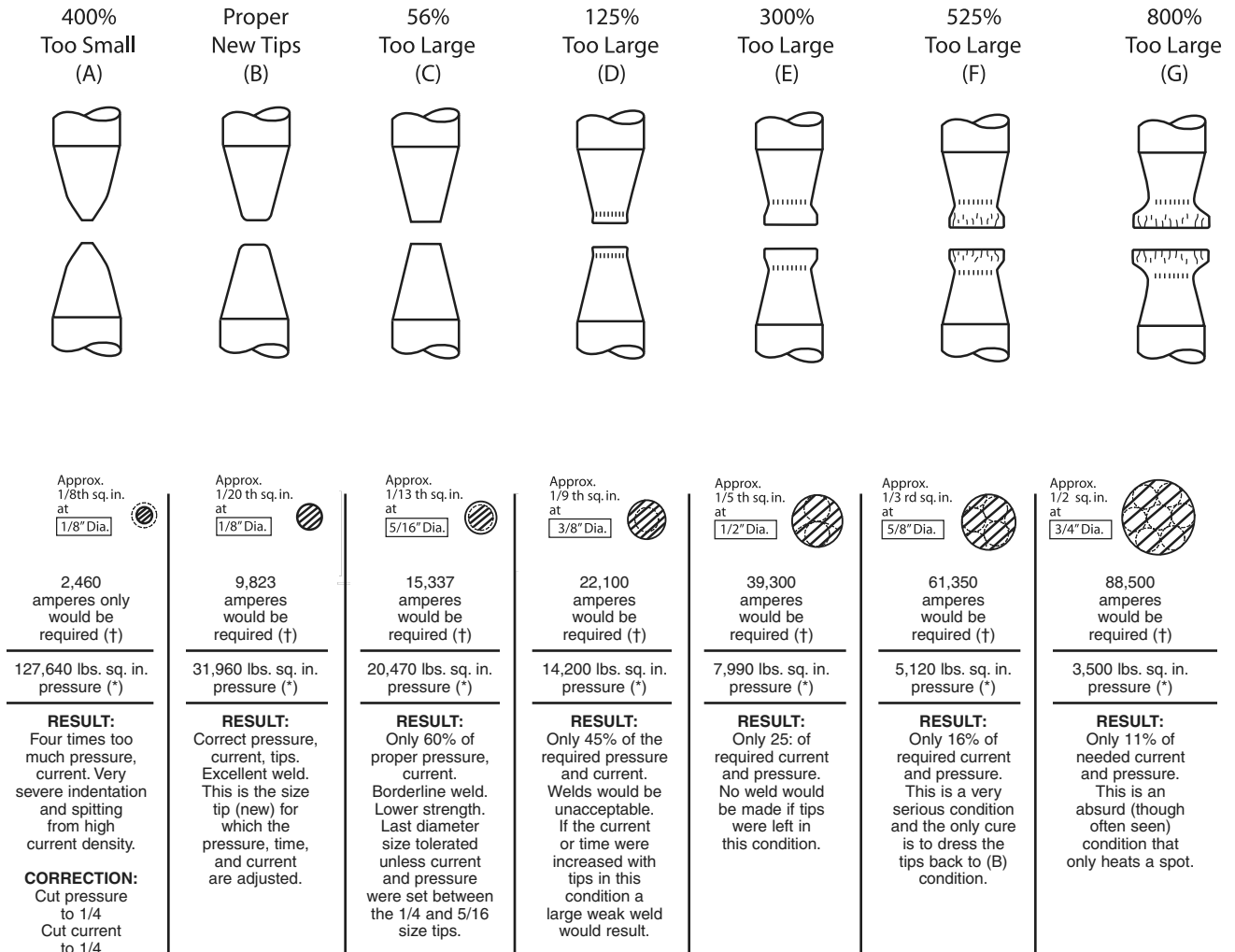
## YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO NEGLECT YOUR ELECTRODES!

Keep your Electrodes dressed for maximum production and quality welds.

## A TIP DRESSER WILL PAY DIVIDENDS!

We can supply you with hand operated Tip Dressers or Pneumatic Power Driven Dressers. Design or type will depend on your production requirements. Pages 66 & 67.

## RESISTANCE WELDING



(†) Current density required for this gage to be 200,000 amps per sq. in. Setting is 9,900 amps for condition (B)

(\*) Five inch diameter air cylinder A 80 lbs. air pressure—1570 lbs. on ram.